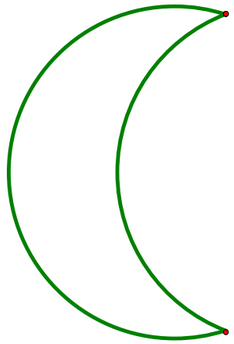
The Man in the Moon; What is his name?

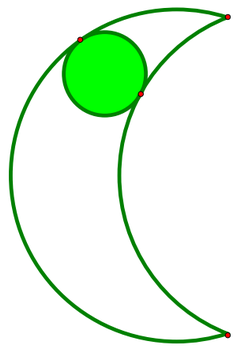
Thursday, February 20, 2020

My name is John; I am either insane, or, things have been written about me thousands of years before I was born. These facts, about me, are hardly a mystery and can be dismissed a countless variety of ways. I am not, nor ever have been, of significant importance. I believe that the world was prepared to ignore me so that they would not ponder the most important question there really is, or could ever be: *What is the name of the Man in the Moon*? Let me show you a picture so that you can follow; I have been doing a rather detailed examination of my subject.

Here is the moon, or rather the crescent moon.



From time to time, some observers have spotted the Man in the Moon; fortunately, I have a friend at an observatory which was able to photograph him;



I may have actually seen a commercial of him somewhere. If you were wondering why people say that aliens are little green men, it all started with the Man in the Moon.

This little essay is not about little green men, it is about finding the name of The Man in the Moon. In the following two graphics, if you examine them very, very carefully, you will see the controversy about his name.

041796AR

Unit.

$AG := 1$ The radius of the Large, green, Circle, it is taken as the unit of the crescent.

Given.

$CF := .53859$ The radius of the Small, pink circle.

$CG := .65522$ The difference between center of Radius Large and Radius Small.

$BH := 1.15236$ The point on the diameter of the Large Cresant that we want to know the radius of that circle on the perpendicular.

Descriptions.

$AJ := 2 \cdot AG$ $BG := \frac{\left(AG^2 + CG^2 - CF^2\right)}{2 \cdot CG}$ $BC := CG - BG$ $FG := CG - CF$

$AB := AG - BG$ $BJ := AJ - AB$

$AH := BH + AB$ $GH := AH - AG$ $HR := \sqrt{AG^2 - GH^2}$ $BP := HR$

$PR := BH$ $PS := \frac{GH \cdot PR}{HR}$ $BS := BP + PS$ $RS := \sqrt{PR^2 + PS^2}$ $NS := RS$

$CN := CF$ $CS := \sqrt{NS^2 + CN^2}$ $CK := \frac{CN^2}{CS}$ $SK := CS - CK$

$KN := \sqrt{CN^2 - CK^2}$ $KM := \frac{BC \cdot KN}{BS}$ $SM := SK + KM$ $SL := \frac{BS \cdot SM}{CS}$

$BL := BS - SL$ $EN := BL$ $CE := \sqrt{CN^2 - EN^2}$ $HT := \frac{CE \cdot HR}{EN}$

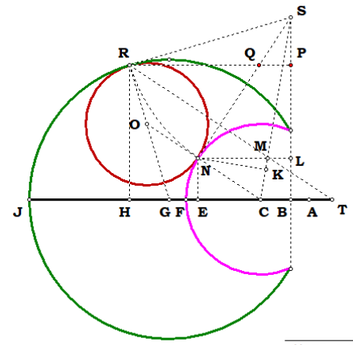
$GT := HT - GH$ $GO := \frac{AG \cdot CG}{GT}$ $TheManInTheMoon := AG - GO$

$TheManInTheMoon = 0.437958$

Definitions.

$$TheManInTheMoon - \frac{2 \cdot BH \cdot CG}{CF^2 + 2 \cdot CF - CG^2 + 2 \cdot BH \cdot CG + 1} = 0$$

The Man in the Moon.



AG = 3.72533 cm
AJ = 7.45067 cm
CF = 2.00643 cm
CG = 2.44091 cm
BH = 4.29291 cm
OR = 1.63154 cm

AG = 1.00000
AJ = 2.00000
CF = 0.53859
CG = 0.65522
BH = 1.15236
OR = 0.43796

$$\frac{2 \cdot BH \cdot CG}{((CF^2 + 2 \cdot CF) - CG^2) + 2 \cdot BH \cdot CG + 1} - OR = 0.00000$$

This name, 2 times BH times CG divided by CF squared added to twice CF removing CG squared added to our denominator with a unit added, which some who are uninformed call an equation, denotes the name of the man in the moon using these very specific set of absolutes, or nouns. It is always correct and always exacting. So, one could say, well, that is the name of the Man in the Moon. If this were the only way to name the Man in the Moon, there would be no controversy. What happens if we use the exact same criteria, same geometry, same arithmetic, same algebra, but make a slight change in our naming convention? Let us ask Seven of Nine or what have you.

041796CR

Given.

U := 7 W := 7 Y := 7

V := 20 X := 17 Z := 15

Unit.

$AB := \frac{X}{X}$

Descriptions.

$AC := 2 \cdot AB \quad CE := \frac{2 \cdot Y}{Z} \quad DE := \frac{2 \cdot W}{X}$

$BC := AB \quad BG := AB \quad CD := CE + DE \quad BD := CD - BC$

$BK := \frac{\left(AB^2 + BD^2 - DE^2\right)}{2 \cdot BD} \quad DK := BD - BK \quad BE := CE - BC$

$AK := AB - BK \quad CK := AC - AK \quad CF := \frac{CK \cdot U}{V} \quad FK := CK - CF$

$BF := BC - CF \quad AF := AC - CF \quad FG := \sqrt{CF \cdot AF} \quad KP := FG$

$GP := FK \quad HP := \frac{BF \cdot GP}{FG} \quad HK := KP + HP \quad GH := \sqrt{GP^2 + HP^2}$

$HN := GH \quad DN := DE \quad DH := \sqrt{DN^2 + HN^2} \quad DS := \frac{DN^2}{DH}$

$HS := DH - DS \quad NS := \sqrt{HN^2 - HS^2} \quad ST := \frac{DK \cdot NS}{HK} \quad HT := HS + ST$

$HU := \frac{HK \cdot HT}{DH} \quad KU := HK - HU \quad JN := KU \quad DJ := \sqrt{DN^2 - JN^2}$

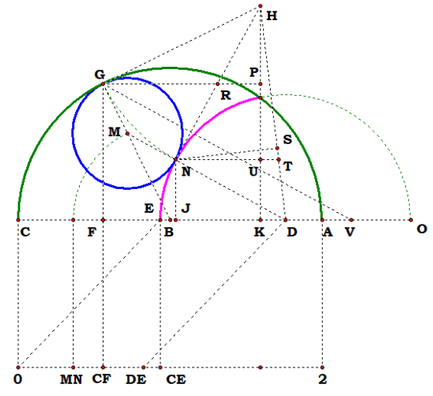
$FV := \frac{DJ \cdot FG}{JN} \quad BV := FV - BF \quad BM := \frac{AB \cdot BD}{BV} \quad TheManInTheMoon := (BG - BM)$

TheManInTheMoon = 0.36255

$\frac{2 \cdot FK \cdot BD}{DE^2 + 2 \cdot DE - BD^2 + 2 \cdot FK \cdot BD + 1} = 0.36255 \qquad \frac{Y \cdot (U - V)}{U \cdot Y - V \cdot Z} = 0.36255$

$TheManInTheMoon - \frac{2 \cdot FK \cdot BD}{DE^2 + 2 \cdot DE - BD^2 + 2 \cdot FK \cdot BD + 1} = 0 \qquad TheManInTheMoon - \frac{Y \cdot (U - V)}{U \cdot Y - V \cdot Z} = 0$

The Man in the Moon



AB = 1.00000
CF = 0.55686
U = 7.00000
V = 20.00000
DE = 0.82353
W = 7.00000
X = 17.00000
CE = 0.93333
Y = 7.00000
Z = 15.00000
MN = 0.36255

$\frac{2 \cdot FK \cdot BD}{((DE^2 + 2 \cdot DE) - BD^2) + 2 \cdot FK \cdot BD + 1} = 0.36255$

$\frac{Y \cdot (U - V)}{U \cdot Y \cdot V \cdot Z} - MN = 0.00000$

Notice that some elements, crucial to the first name, are wholly missing in the second name!!!!!! Where did W and X go?

Along with our first name, we have a second, which is completely different, yet entirely true. Y multiplying U minus V over U times Y subtracting V times Z. How is this possible? The first equation denotes all the givens, which are nowhere to be found in the second!!!!

Here is a little bit about the starting convention for our names. The first method was arithmetic, based on nouns, a one-to-one correspondence. It is like saying, this is such and such, and that is such and such. It is like counting pebbles. The second method is geometric. Same geometry, same arithmetic, same algebra, but instead of just nouns, we use a noun and a verb; for example, instead of saying, it is

One, we say, she, or he, is Seven of Nine; in short, nouns and verbs. So, there you have it. The very same thing to name and by the very same systems of grammar. The very same geometry, the very same arithmetic, the very same algebra, yet we arrive at two different names, both arithmetically identical, meaning of course, they have a one-to-one correspondence between a thing and an arithmetic name. The construct of the naming convention in the first example is very familiar to us; we use it all the time, but the second, well, that is another of my own inventions. Invention does not mean we create anything, only that we have leant to recognize and reproduce something.

Now, people have told stories about me for thousands of years, not one of those who told those stories, save those who were instrumental in creating certain written works, even knew what they were talking about. Well, my name is certainly not important, and in fact, it was written that my name would be a common generic name, John: not interesting at all, I worked from skilled trades to day labor. Yet the name of the Man in the Moon, never worked a day in his life, that, has turned out very interesting; the stories told about that name, well it is well documented by every possible grammar system and like our crescent moon, not even noticed until a shadow appears.

I have created a little work packet for those who want to study the mystic art of names and have placed them in a directory called The Man in the Moon, on the Internet Archive. Anyone wanting to become a true mystic, with real power, will study the art of names, magical incantations which uses only four specific grammar systems; Common Grammar, Arithmetic, Algebra and Geometry. These four grammar systems are the true descendants of Adam and Eve, a Conjugate Binary Pair, often called simply a noun and a verb.

The first set of equations reduce to all of our givens: The second, to a ratio of the givens: Arithmetic and Geometric. Thus, when so called

intellectuals tell you, that such and such is THE EQUATION for such and such, well, they are simply illiterate. The elements of every thing are binary, and in binary, we have both arithmetic and geometric results, absolute and relative. The Relativities of Einstein are proven myths venerated by simpletons; the elements of a thing are physical facts.

Let us do a very brief review of the evolution of binary information processing. Binary is how every possible grammar is effected; we name, and can only name, relatives and correlatives, the two parts of any thing, their shape or boundaries and the relative differences within them. In metaphor, one of the ways it is introduced in the Bible is by a Conjugate Binary Pair called Adam and Eve. The Book, however, is just full of these binary contrasts, very deliberately placed. Then there is Geometry, a simple stop, go, stop, producing a line segment from which all of geometry, unless you are an idiot non-Euclidean Geometer, who cannot spot a contradiction in the words if it bit them in the ass, is produced. Then there is Plato. Plato used the term Dialectic, speaking by 2's, to preserve the science for posterity in dialogs. If he would have put it down plainly, his life would have been forcibly shortened and no dialogs would have remained. There have been relatively few prophets in history whose work has been aimed at bringing into the human mind that all information is a product of binary processing until today we have the computer. Yet every thing, every possible thing, is this binary, so it is not new, in fact, as it defines existence, it could never have been new; it just is.

A mind, by the recursion of this binary, produces exactly four groups of grammar from the intelligible of Language; Common Grammar, Arithmetic, Algebra, of which these three are called Logics, while the remaining one, which can be used to example everything, is an Analogic called Geometry.

Let us use egocentricity as an example. Egocentricity is inversely proportional to intelligence. The reason is very simple. The less you really comprehend of the world, the more one has to play with themselves. It is an evolutionary artifact; unless one is very intelligent, and everyone else just leaves you to play with yourself. Every animal's behavior is egocentric in terms of simple survival; however, the more one comprehends what it takes to survive, the more of the world one has to be able to comprehend to do it. This is not necessarily linked to large memories. Aristotle had a phenomenal memory, but he was not the sharpest tool in the shed; this also accounts for his vanity.

This fact is what makes me believe that either the Man in the Moon is very stupid, or he is very wise; for thousands of years, all he seems to do is show off. I wager that study will eventually solve the mystery. Maybe he is trying to get someone to toss him a rope so he could climb off the moon. Today, people are still simply smoking the rope.

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